



Product Tech Sheet

Nitro Radish

Brassica species are a popular option for food plots. They offer high attraction and great nutritional value. Brassica species also tend to be easy to establish, especially for those with limited equipment or equipment access, and have relatively low fertility requirements.

What do they do: Radishes produce lots of leafy foliage for grazing during the growing season, as well as tubers to be consumed throughout winter. Some individuals feel that turnips are more preferred by the herd in their area, others have success with radish. Sometimes environmental conditions dictate which is preferred any given year.

Site Prep & Planting: Due to the small seed size, radishes should be planted no deeper than 1/4". They can be broadcast, but do best if lightly incorporated. Seeding too heavy or rate is likely to result in little tuber formation. Seeding too early may result in drought stressed plants that are unpalatable.

Maintenance: Will winter kill at around 25°F.



Seeding Method: Drill or Broadcast & Incorporate

Seeding Rate: 6-8#/acre mono or 2-4#/acre in a mix

Seeding Depth: 1/4" - 1/2"

Seeding Dates: 7/15 - 9/1

Notes: More is not better! Too high of seeding rate results in small tubers and die off.



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